

Davis Large Cap Value SMA

Selective. Attractive Growth. Undervalued.



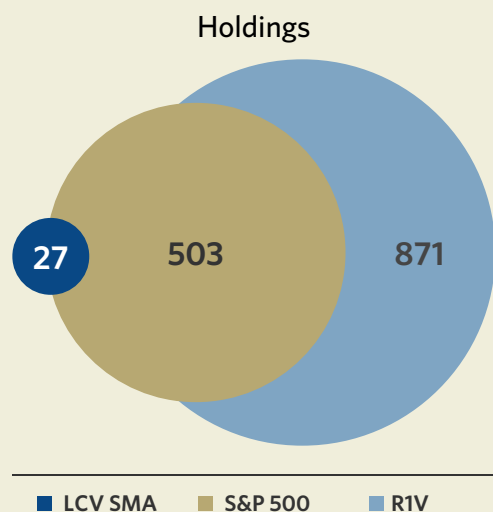
"What gives us confidence that Davis Large Cap Value SMA (LCV SMA) may build wealth for our shareholders in the years and decades to come? The compelling attributes of our businesses.

By being highly selective and rejecting the vast majority of companies in the indices, the companies of Davis Large Cap Value SMA Portfolio have grown more than the companies in the indices, yet are less expensive. Specifically, 33% less expensive than the S&P 500 and 18% less expensive than the Russell 1000 Value Index. In fact, this gap between price and value is among the widest we have ever seen. We believe this sets the stage for attractive returns in the years ahead."

Chris Davis, Portfolio Manager

Selective

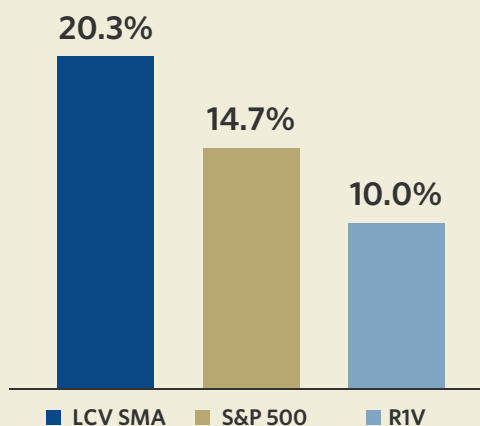
LCV SMA invests in only a select group of well-researched companies



Attractive Growth

LCV SMA portfolio companies have grown more than the indices

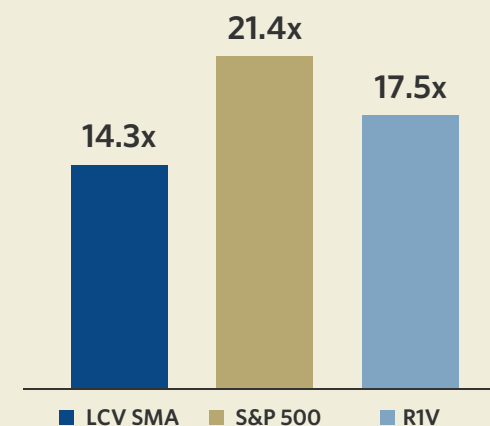
EPS Growth (5 Year)¹



Undervalued

LCV SMA portfolio companies are less expensive than the indices

P/E (Forward)²



As of 03/31/25. The Attractive Growth and Undervalued reference in this piece relates to underlying characteristics of the portfolio holdings. There is no guarantee that the Portfolio's performance will be positive as equity markets are volatile and an investor may lose money. **Past performance is not a guarantee of future returns.** Performance may vary.

1. Five-Year EPS Growth Rate is the average annualized earning per share growth for a company over the past five years. The value for the portfolio is the weighted average of the five-year EPS Growth Rates of the stocks in the portfolio. Approximately 2.50% of the assets of the Portfolio are not accounted for in the calculation of 5-year EPS as relevant information on certain companies is not available to the Portfolio's data provider. The 5-year EPS of the S&P 500 is 14.7%. **2.** Forward Price/Earnings (Forward P/E) Ratio is a stock's price at the date indicated divided by the company's forecasted earnings for the following 12 months based on estimates provided by the Advisor's data provider. These values for both the Portfolio and the Index are the weighted average of the stocks in the Portfolio or Index. The Forward P/E of the S&P 500 is 21.4x.

This material may be shared with existing and potential clients to provide information concerning market conditions and the investment strategies

and techniques used by Davis Advisors to manage its client accounts. Please refer to Davis Advisors Form ADV Part 2 for more information regarding investment strategies, risks, fees, and expenses. Clients should also review other relevant material, including a schedule of investments listing securities held in their account.

The investment objective of a Davis Large Cap Value account is long-term growth of capital. There can be no assurance that Davis will achieve its objective. Davis Advisors uses the Davis Investment Discipline to invest a client's assets principally in common stocks (including indirect holdings of common stock through depositary receipts) issued by large companies with market capitalizations of at least \$10 billion. Historically, the Large-Cap Value strategy has invested a significant portion of its assets in financial services companies and in foreign companies, and may also invest in mid- and small-capitalization companies. The principal risks are: China risk, common stock risk,

depository receipts risk, emerging markets risk, fees and expenses risk, financial services risk, focused portfolio risk, foreign country risk, foreign currency risk, headline risk, large-capitalization companies risk, manager risk, mid- and small-capitalization companies risk, and stock market risk. See the ADV Part 2 for a description of these principal risks.

We gather our index data from a combination of reputable sources, including, but not limited to, Wilshire, Lipper, and index websites.

The **S&P 500 Index** is an unmanaged index of 500 selected common stocks, most of which are listed on the New York Stock Exchange. The index is adjusted for dividends, weighted towards stocks with large market capitalizations and represents approximately two-thirds of the total market value of all domestic common stocks. Investments cannot be made directly in an index.

The **Russell 1000 Value Index** (R1V) measures

the performance of the large-cap value segment of the US equity universe. It includes those Russell 1000 companies with relatively lower price-to-book ratios, lower I/B/E/S forecast medium term (2 year) growth and lower sales per share historical growth (5 years). The Russell 1000 Value Index is constructed to provide a comprehensive and unbiased barometer for the large-cap value segment. The index is completely reconstituted annually to ensure new and growing equities are included and that the represented companies continue to reflect value characteristics.

Data provided herein and references to portfolio herein is representative of a model account. Data provided is as of the date indicated and is subject to change. This material should not be considered a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any of the securities mentioned.